

GRIPS-Mansfield Foundation Joint Seminar

Date: Tuesday, December 13, 2011

Time: 12:00-13:30

Venue: The National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies (GRIPS)

1st Floor, Room 1A

“Official Development Assistance:

New Directions in U.S. Foreign Assistance Reform”

Speaker : **Ms. Amanda J. Van den Dool** (Mansfield Fellow)
Program Analyst
U.S. Agency for International Development

Moderator: **Dr. Tetsushi Sonobe**
Director, International Development Studies Program, National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies (GRIPS)

Description: Recently, the United States Government has taken a targeted approach in reviewing, revising, and further integrating its foreign policy and development assistance approaches under the First Quadrennial Diplomacy and Development Review (QDDR) process, which was co-led by the State Department and the US Agency for International Development (USAID) under the direction of Secretary of State Hillary Clinton. The issuance of the first-ever Presidential Policy Directive on Global Development, as well as USAID’s newly-issued Policy Framework and the USAID Forward reform agenda begins to re-position the use of Official Development Assistance (ODA) and “civilian power” as a more prominent and strategic arm of the U.S. defense, diplomacy and development paradigm; however, in the current economic environment, with a continually shrinking foreign aid budget, the long-term impact of these policy directives has yet to be seen.

Amanda J. Van den Dool, Mansfield Fellow, will provide an overview of USAID’s mission, organization, and development-related policy priorities. She will also draw comparisons with Japan’s current ODA priorities and discuss the future of U.S. foreign assistance programming and coordination efforts.

Prof. Tetsushi Sonobe will serve as a moderator/commentator for the event. His research is in industrial development in developing economies. He has conducted about 25 case studies of cluster-based industrial development in Asia and Africa. Recently, he has carried out experiments in which management knowledge, including Japanese style production management called KAIZEN, is taught to entrepreneurs operating small manufacturing businesses in Ghana, Ethiopia, Kenya, Tanzania, and Vietnam, in collaboration with the Japan International Cooperation Agency and the World Bank.

*Language: English

***Admission Free.**

***Please bring your own lunch.**

**For registration and inquiries please
contact: m-kaneda@grips.ac.jp or
03-6439-6037 (Ms. Kaneda)**

For access to the GRIPS campus:
7-22-1 Roppongi, Minato-ku, Tokyo 106-8677
<http://www.grips.ac.jp/about/access.htm>

The National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies

GRIPS was established in October 1997, superseding the Graduate School of Policy Science (GSPS) at Saitama University, which was the first graduate school for Policy Studies in Japan. GRIPS is a government-sponsored graduate school and research institute which has been restructured into an entirely new and unique entity. GRIPS aims to be an international center of excellence for the education of future leaders in the policy arena, for the advancement of policy research, and for the systematic collection and dissemination of policy-related information. In order to accomplish these aims, a Graduate School, a Policy Research Center and a Policy Information Center have been established. GRIPS is the first graduate school without facilities for undergraduates in Japan in the wider disciplines of social science. GRIPS is located in Roppongi, Tokyo, with easy access to the political and business headquarters of Japan.

The degree programs are designed to attract outstanding students and thoroughly prepare them for distinguished careers in policy setting. After a period of thorough preparation since its foundation in 1997, GRIPS welcomed its first domestic students in April 2000, followed six months later by the first international students. More than half of the student-intake of GRIPS consist of international students coming from nearly forty countries in Asia, Africa and Eastern Europe. Our students normally have three to five years experience working for governments, central banks, custom offices or other relevant organizations. The International Programs at GRIPS are conducted solely in English, while Domestic Programs are taught in Japanese.

GRIPS aims to be the center of a consortium, consisting of industry, government and academia, for the exchange of information, ideas and personnel among graduate schools, government-related institutes and private research institutes in Japan. In addition, through its international faculty, student body and alumni, and by promoting international exchange of policy research and information, GRIPS aims to establish an international network among academics and government officials in the field of policy studies, contributing to the promotion of a better understanding among peoples around the world in an age of globalization.

The Maureen and Mike Mansfield Foundation

The Maureen and Mike Mansfield Foundation was created in 1983 to advance Maureen and Mike Mansfield's life-long efforts to promote understanding and cooperation among the nations and peoples of Asia and the United States. The Foundation sponsors exchanges, dialogues and publications that create networks among U.S. and Asian leaders, explore the underlying issues influencing public policies, and increase awareness about the nations and peoples of Asia. The Mansfield Foundation's geographic focus is Northeast Asia and India as it relates to that region. The Foundation receives support from individuals, corporations and philanthropic organizations. It also provides support to [The Maureen and Mike Mansfield Center at the University of Montana](#).

The Mansfield Fellowship Program - named after Mike Mansfield, former U.S. ambassador to Japan, Senate majority leader, U.S. senator and U.S. congressman from Montana - is a first-of-its-kind, government-to-government exchange for both the United States and Japan. The U.S. Congress created the Mansfield Fellowships in 1994 in order to build a corps of U.S. federal government employees with proficiency in the Japanese language and practical, firsthand knowledge about Japan and its government. During the two-year Fellowships, U.S. federal government employees develop an in-depth understanding of Japan, learn how its government works, and establish relationships with their counterparts in the government of Japan as well as in the business, professional and academic communities. The Mansfield Fellowships are administered by the Maureen and Mike Mansfield Foundation, with the United States Department of State, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, as grantor.

The Foundation has offices in Washington, D.C., Tokyo, Japan, and Missoula, Montana.